Total Pages: 7

B.Sc./5th Sem (H)/GEOH/22(CBCS

2022

5th Semester Examina

GEOGRAPHY (Hono

Paper: DSE 2-T

[CBCS]

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

[Resource Geography]

Group - A

Answer any ten of the following questions:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- 1. Give an example of ubiquitous resource.
- 2. What is OTEC?
- 3. Define the concept of "Limits to Growth".
- Name the state which is well endowed with solar and wind energy.
- 5. Why is Brundtland Commission famous for?
- 6. What is Agenda 21?
- 7. Name two states which have large reserve of mica.

- 8. What are the uses of gypsum?
- 9. What are the main uses of bauxite?
- 10. What is geo-thermal energy?
- 11. What are the limitations of nuclear energy?
- 12. Identify two ways in which water resource is depleted.
- 13. What is natural resources?
- 14. Name two uses of copper.
- 15. Name two types of iron ore.

Group - B

Answer any *four* of the following questions: $5 \times 4 = 20$

- 16. Compare and contrast the conventional and non-conventional resources.
- 17. Distinguish between Economic growth and development.
- 18. Bring out the essence of Community-based adaptive approach to Resource Utilisation.
- Identify some of the problems related to forest resource depletion.
- 20. Give a brief insight to the future scenario of energy crisis.
- 21. Discuss the main objectives of sustainable development.

Group - C

Answer any two of the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- Discuss the importance of classification of resources.
 Distinguish between Flow resources and Interrupted Flow resources.
- 23. What is resource conservation? Discuss its needs and ways.
- 24. What do you mean by the concept of Resource sharing and what are the main objectives behind resource sharing?

 5+5
- 25. Give a brief description of distribution of iron-ore in India.



OR

[Fluvial Geomorphology]

Group - A

Answer any ten of the following questions:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- 1. Define run-off cycle.
- 2. What is badland topography?
- 3. What does hypsometric integral indicate?
- 4. What is bifurcation ratio?
- 5. Define elongation ratio.
- 6. What are the linear aspects of a drainage basin?
- 7. What is the importance of dissection index?
- 8. What does ruggedness index indicate?
- 9. Define alluvial fan.
- 10. Define local base level of erosion with example.
- 11. What is meant by river degradation?
- 12. What is eustatic change of sea-level?
- 13. Distinguish between paired and non-paired terraces.
- 14. What are the man-made causes of river bank erosion?
- 15. Distinguish between simple meander and incised meander.

Group - B

Answer any four of the following questions: 5×4=20

- Discuss the significance of river basin as a hydrological unit.
- Explain the role of different factors to control the run-off.
- Discuss how fluvial systems are affected by human interferences.
- 19. How the areal aspects of a drainage basin help to understand its nature and characteristics?
- Explain the major consequences of river-bank erosion in West Bengal.
- 21. What are the major characteristics of tropical rivers?

Group - C

Answer any two of the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- 22. Explain various approaches used in geomorphological study.
- Elucidate the mechanisms of development of channel network in an area.
- Explain the processes of development of different types of terraces by fluvial action.
- Briefly discuss about the major principles and methods of integrated watershed management.

OR

[Social Geography]

Group - A

Answer any ten of the following questions:

2×10=20

- 1. Define "social region".
- 2. Define "social process".
- 3. What is social ecology?
- 4. What is Human Development Index?
- 5. What is the benefit of a gated community?
- 6. What is slum upgrading?
- 7. Mention two associative social process.
- 8. What is meant by social stratification?
- 9. What are the major health policies of India?
- 10. Name two-social inclusion policies of India.
- 11. Mention two pull factors for migration.
- 12. What is social exclusion policy?
- 13. What are the determinants of social well-being?
- 14. What is social capilarity?
- 15. What is inclusive development?

Group - B

Answer any four of the following questions: $5 \times 4 = 20$

- 16. Divide the world into different cultural realms and point out the key features of any one of them.
- Distinguish between the subjective and objective view of social well-being.
- 18. What are the domains of social exclusion and causes for exclusion?
- 19. Distinguish between gender equity and equality.
- 20. What is the role of social behaviour in social well-being?
- 21. Discuss one of the pressing social environmental issue of India.

Group - C

Answer any two of the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- 22. Trace the evolution of social geography. State the importance of scale in defining social space. 5+5
- 23. Describe the different racial groups with their basic characteristics in India.
- What is Social Impact Assessment (SIA)? Discuss its need and significance.
- 25. Describe in brief the major social policies in India. What are its evolving causes and effects?